identified on priority basis for conservation and management in the country. A list of the selected wetlands is laid on the Table of the House. (*See* below)

(c) The Action Plans for the selected wetlands include activities like survey and mapping, weed control, soil erosion control, tree planting and afforestation, water quality monitoring, wildlife protection, generating environmental awareness, etc.

List Regarding Wetlands in the Country

Sl. No.	Wetland	State
1.	Kolleru	Andhra Pradesh
2.	Wullar	Jammu & Kashmir
3.	Chilka	Orissa
4.	Loktak	Manipur
5.	Bhoj	Madhya Pradesh
6.	Sambhar	Rajasthan
7.	Ashtamudi	Kerala
8.	Harike	Punjab
9.	Ujni	Maharashtra
10.	Sukhana	Chandigarh
11.	Sasthamkotta	Kerala
12.	Renuka	Himachal Pradesh
13.	Kabar	Bihar
14.	Nalsarovar	Gujarat
15.	Kanjili	Punjab
16.	Pichola	Rajasthan

Survey on AIDS

*326. SHRI RAM RATAN RAM:
DR. NAUNIHAL SINGH:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have conducted a systematic State-wise survey on AIDS; if so, the number of AIDS patients detected; if not, by when such a survey is proposed to be conducted;

(b) whether it is a fact that the European Commission's AIDS Task Force has collaborated with Health Organisations in India to implement AIDS Prevention Project in Bombay and certain other districts of Maharashtra, if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) what steps Government have taken to contain AIDS in the country.

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI M.L. FOTEDAR): (a) to (c) Government have not done any Statewise survey to detect the total number of AIDS cases in the country. The Government have however kept a watch on the trend of prevalence and spread of HIV infection in the country through surveillance centres located in various States. The basic intention is to study the epidemiological progression of the infection so that appropriate interventions can be taken up in hand.

According to the information available with the Government, Indian Health Organisation (IHO) has been sanctioned funds worth Rupees Forty-eight lakhs forty thousand three hundred eighty from the European Commission for implementation of AIDS prevention and Control Project in the State of Maharashtra. These funds are to be utilised for the purpose of vehicles for mobile clinics, medical and health education equipments, supplies for durgs, laboratory and condoms and for project management.

AIDS at present has no cure. The Government, therefore is laying stress under the National AIDS Control programme on the preventive strategies based on raising the level of awareness in the community and the people, increasing blood safety and its rational use, strengthening the sexually Transmitted Diseases Control programme and improving clinical management and surveillance.